

Facts about Telangana - basis and justification

-Santosh Vemula

| Catchment area of Krishna river in AP | | | |
|---|----------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| | Catchment area | Allocation of Water | Actual Utilization |
| Andhra | 13% | 49% | 87% |
| Rayalaseema | 18% | 16% | 13% |
| Telangana | 69% | 35% | Less than 1% |
| Catchment area of Godavari river in AP | | | |
| | Catchment area | Utilization Water | |
| Andhra | 21%(310 TMC) | 23%(320 TMC) | |
| Telangana | 79%(1170 TMC) | 9.6% (143 TMC) | |
| 405 TMC is being diverted to Andhra via Polavaram project | | | |

- Total loss of water share of Telangana merging with Andhra is 1125 TMC. 1 TMC serves 10000 acres, i.e. total cultivation land Telangana lost is 11, 25,000 acres.
- 7 Telangana, 3 Andhra, 1 Rayalaseema are declared backward districts.
- 65% of Industries in Telangana are owned by Andhra. One Telangana person (close relative of Sri Jaipal Reddy) tried to start industry in Andhra, he was tormented so much that he gave it up.
- All Telangana region CM's combined tenure is hardly 6 years.
- AP got nearly 40 major projects in which 37 went to Seemandhra region

| Telangana side | Seemandhra side |
|--|--|
| SLBC (30 TMC) not taken up, SLBC beyond Musi (20 TMC) not taken up, RDS extension (10 TMC) not taken up, LIS to high level areas in Mahabubnagar not taken up, Bheema LIS 20 TMC under construction for many years | Telugu Ganga project (29 TMC) completed, SRBC (19 TMC) completed, KC canal extension completed (10 TMC), Upland areas Brahmangari matham reservoir (10 TMC) completed, SRBC beyond Gorakallu (20TMC) under construction, Puchintala evaporation losses (5 TMC) under construction, Veligonda not recommended project (40 TMC) almost completed, Handrineeva sujala sarvanthi not recommended (38 TMC) almost completed, Galerunagari sujala sravanthi not recommended (38 TMC) is under construction |

- Pothireddypadu regulator was originally created for drinking water to Chennai with 5 TMC. Gradually 5 projects were 'piggy backed' & augmented to canal. In the name of Chennai drinking water, Seemandhra wanted to take entire Srisailam water
- Veligonda project is being constructed on war footing basis. This will drain 60 TMC of water from Srisailam. This project is not allotted (water share by tribunal) and do not have clearance till now.
- Handrineeva Sujala Sravanthi, not allotted not cleared project is going on war footing
- SLBC despite of all recommendations, clearances and permissions never started.
- Manuguru thermal power station proposed to be in Telangana was lobbied to be shifted to Vijayawada, transporting coal from singareni.
- Dummugudem Hydal power station remained a promise on paper.
- Icchampalli power (975 MW) project never started.
- If Mumbai is not a free-zone, Delhi is not a freezone, Kolkatta is not a freezone, Chennai is not a freezone, Pune is not a freezone ... why should Hyderabad be a freezone? Andhras were even demanding entire Telangana should be freezone.
- 1953 Andhra Pradesh the area irrigated under Tanks in the Telangana 11 lakh acres. Now it is hardly 6.5 lakh acres.
- Education in crores Andhra 1308.56, Rayalaseema 382.87, Telangana 163.39
- Schools - Andhra 26800, Rayalaseema 13000, Telangana 17954
- Hospitals - Andhra (9 dist) 666, Rayalaseema (4 dist) 303, Telangana (10 dist) 270

- Total Govt employees- Seemandhra 9 lakhs, Telangana (10 dist) 3 lakhs
- Industries Andhra 6100, Rayalaseema 773, Telangana 1250
- Power Utilization Andhra 54%, Rayalaseema 23%, Telangana 23%

| Nagarjuna Sagar project | Submerged land | Cultivation land |
|--------------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Andhra | 0 % | 20 lakh acres |
| Telangana | 100% | 4.5 lakh acres |

- Polavaram project is submerging 250 small villages in Telangana, displacing 5 lakh tribals is going to provide lakhs of acres cultivation land to Andhra.
- Grant-in-aid Private Degree colleges Andhra 96, Rayalaseema 32, Telangana 30
- Rayalaseema (4 dist) 3 Universities, Telangana (10 dist) 2 Universities
- If 100 colleges should logically have a University, Telangana should have 8.
- Rayalaseema (4 dist) has 4 medical, Telangana (10 dist) has 3 medical colleges
- Govt Aided Junior college grants in Cr. Andhra 37, Rayalaseema 20, Telangana 15
- Degree college allocation in crores Andhra 142, Rayalaseema 20, Telangana 15
- Of 130 posts of heads of departments, only 7 or 8 are held by Telanganites
- Sales Tax (2001- 2002) – Andhra 21%, Rayalaseema 5%, Telangana 74%
- Excise (2001-2002) – Andhra 24%, Rayalaseema 10%, Telangana 66%
- APPSC board members so far, Andhra 8, Rayalaseema 6, Telangana 2
- Telanganites are 23% in all industries in Telangana area, 0% in Seemandhra.
- All housing board colonies in capital city – 93% people are from Seemandhra.
- Govt Libraries – Andhra 630, Rayalaseema 243, Telangana 450
- In 70's – Jubilee hills lands were purchased at Rs 105 per acre, 1400 acres. Telanganites were thrown out, housing society did not have a single Telanganite.
- Panchayat Raj divisions – Andhra 883, Rayalaseema 342, Telangana 295
- Most backward district in AP is Mahabubnagar, granted 4% white cards. Most developed dist in AP is West Godavari dist was given 7% white cards.
- 82% of farmers are depend on private loans in Telangana
- There was no single drop of water in Palanadu 350yrs ago, it was like a desert. Now, entire Telangana canal irrigation land is less than Guntur dist alone.
- Hyd state had Rs 60 crores of surplus budget. Andhra state had only 1 Crore in hand given by Madras govt, and Shri Raj Gopalachari said 'Get lost from here'
- Dr.B.R.Ambedkar suggested Hyderabad second capitol of India. He said Hyderabad can be compared to Delhi.
- Government buys sugar cane (per quintal) in Andhra Rs 1200, Telangana Rs 890. Andhra lands are canal cultivated, Telangana depend on bore wells.
- 150 forts are about to ruin in the Telangana which were built by various dynasties.
- Hyd Central University is filled with Andhraites every Central University in India has 60% reserved for local region.
- Pranahita, there is no staff, no funding, Andhra rulers say it will be done in 4 yrs
- There are never any difficulties in construction of irrigation projects in Andhra. But there are always irregularities, corruption, delays in Telangana projects
- Mahabubnagar 35 lakhs population, migration 14 lakhs, 350km of Krishna stretch, there is no drinking water or irrigation water
- AP dairy buys milk from farmers from @ Andhra Rs 24.30, Telangana Rs 22.30
- 450 tribal villages, millions of tons of limestone, rich minerals, lot of natural Biodiversity will wash away with if Polavaram project is built
- Telangana is bigger than 24 states in India, and will be bigger than 160 countries
- Revenue – Expenditure Seemandhra 38.5% - 49%, Telangana 61.5% - 51%

- Jallianwala bagh - General Dyer year 1919 - 379 shot dead.
- Telangana - Kasu Brahmananda Reddy year 1969 - 370 students shot dead.
- WHO declared flourosis affected Nalgonda is moving towards No Man Zone.
- Nizam formulated mulki rules in 1919, a person to get job, they must be in Telangana for 15yrs, but now Andhra rulers reduced the period to 4yrs
- 1956-68 Seemandhrites got 28000 jobs in Telangana by bogus Mulki certificates
- 1975-85 they got 58000 by violating presidential order.
- In 1969 students/employees agitated against 28000 jobs - 370 were killed
- In 1972, Andhra managed to cancel supreme court judgment, then 6 point formula was introduced. As per this formula Telangana split into zone 5, zone 6.
- Presidential order - Telangana should get 80% dist posts, 70% zonal posts, 60% Gazetted posts. Remaining shall be open to others – what's happening now ?
- In 1985, 610 GO issued to transfer of 58000 employs from Telangana, but this GO is never implemented. That too 610 GO is for 102 out of 250 departments only.
- In 2001, Chandra Babu Naidu appointed Girglani Commission. Report out in 2004, that 2 lakh Seemandhra employs are working in Telangana.
- 23% Singareni coal is used in Telangana. 77% is being drained out to other places.
- Funds per Student (Rs) - SV University 37500- Andhra University 35500 – SK University 25000 - Nagarjuna University 22700 - OU 17400 – KU 14000.
- Cultivation land (Lakh Acres) Before 1956 - Andhra 30.65, Telangana 18.20.
- 2004 - Andhra 69.27, Telangana 18.00
- Kothagudem thermal station sabotaged for repair contracts to Andhra contractors in 1978 (Sundar Ramaiah commission – 1979)
- All APSEB scams targeted towards Telangana power supply and distribution, never to Seemandhra. Officials found guilty by Vimal Lal commission.
- Technically it is possible to develop water grid to benefit Telangana & Seemandhra. It would match in comparison with Mississippi river water system (USA), Three Gorges river system (China), Nile river (Aswan dam) Africa and Rhine river system Europe. Similar models were conceived by intellectuals but are trashed by Andhra rulers and pseudo intellectuals because they will benefit Telangana.
- 1969 - after Jai Telangana movement 'All Party Accord' was formulated, scrapped within 6 months. Then 8-point formula, 5-point formula were announced. Then supreme court upheld Mulki rules. Andhrites could not digest it, launched Jai Andhra movement. Central govt yielded as usual to tactics, then 6-point formula came. Even this is being violated royally many times, robbing Telangana its rightfulness.
- Nagarjuna Sagar initially meant to benefit Andhra and Telangana. Later on modified in such a way that 75% of the benefit went to Andhra reducing the share of Telangana region to just 25%. Andhra settlers own 50% of these 25% utilization lands.
- Singur project was designed to meet the irrigation needs of Medak Nizamabad. But it is now solely used for meeting the requirements of capital city.
- Jurala Project which is the first project on river Krishna meant for Telangana is the smallest of all the projects built on this river. Tribunal allocated just 17.5 TMC water for this project, but Andhra rulers reduced its storage capacity to 60% ft. The actual utilization so far has not been more than 10%
- Rajolibanda Diversion Scheme, was for 87500 acres in Mahabubnagar. Tribunal allocated 15.90 TMC of water for this project. This water has to pass through a canal in Raichur district of Karnataka State. Rayalaseema thugs blasted the gates with bombs and diverted water. Since then Govt never even tried to reconstruct the gates.
- Devadula Project, provides water for 5 lakh acres, was promised to be finished in

5 yrs in 2001, yet to begin work. The funniest fact is, Sriram Sagar is yet to be completed for last 40 yrs which provides water for just 4 lakh acres.

- Two major projects proposed on Godavari - Ichampally (Telangana) & Polavaram (Andhra). Irrigation potential of Polavaram would be 7 times more than Ichampalli.
- Andhra lands have canal irrigation i.e. with tax payer's money. It costs Rs 200 – 300 water charges/yr. Telangana lands depend on bore wells, entire cost is on the farmer . Digging, power, bore well, motor, pipes.
- Nearly 500 farmers and uncounted number of weavers committed suicide during 2000-2009.
- Technological University was actually started in Warangal but was shifted to Hyd. Open University started in Nalgonda district but was later shifted Hyd. The same state level universities University of Health Sciences, Mahila University and the University of Dravidian Languages were allowed to stay in Seemandhra - not moved to Capital city.
- Twelve milk chilling plants established by the erstwhile Telangana Committee in Telangana have been abruptly closed down showing lack of funds as a reason.
- Ramagundam is in heart of coal belt. Fertilizer plant is closed showing poor quality of coal as reason. NTPC is running with same coal, VTPS is running with same coal. Subsequently, fertilizer plants are started in Andhra.
- Based on the proportionality at least 40% of jobs, i.e. 6 lakhs, should have gone to Telangana. But the total number of jobs now occupied by them is less than 3 lakhs.
- 1972, PV Narasimha Rao tried to implement the verdict of Supreme Court validating the Mulki Rules. Seemandhra's were outrageous reaction, he lost his Chief Ministership.
- If it is assumed that the leaders of a region's CM can development that region, then why do the people of Rayalaseema complain of backwardness ?
- Daily wage workers in industries in Lakhs – Seemandhra 3.86, Telangana 0.81
- Palamoor : Andhra media never highlighted migration of 15 out of 24 lakh population.
- At merger, Andhra persuaded Telangana with many safeguards against exploitation. 1955 they passed a Unanimous Resolution in Andhra Assembly. Safeguards were included in Gentlemen's Agreement (1956). All are put to trash after the agreement.
- Telangana should get 42% jobs in the Secretariat, but only 9% are working now. How can our MLAs, MLCs can get work done if 91% do not help ?
- Metro Rail designed dilapidating 5000 shops, 2500 houses, 147 schools, 120 hospitals, 60 Temples/Masjid/Churches. All shops and complexes contracts throughout Metro rail route are with Seemandhra thugs.
- 1947 India's Independence. 1948 Police action on Nizam. Hyd state existed for 7 yrs. Telangana merged in 1956. Telangana has nothing to do with Potti Sriramulu.
- Telangana Sayudha Poratam was against Nizam. 4000 people died - inspired all subsequent land movements in West Bengal, Kerala and Tripura and paved way for formation of Communist govt. This is never acknowledged by Seemandhra rulers so far.
- Despite 69% Krishna, 79% Godavari flows through Telangana, irrigation cost is Rs.1500/acre. 13% of Krishna, 21% Godavari flows through Andhra Rs.150/acre.
- Per capita income of Madhya Pradesh: Rs 18,051. Chattisgarh formed in 2000. Per capita income of Chhattisgarh in 2008-09 - Rs. 29,621.
- Recently formed smaller states are catching up with Haryana 71%, Himachal is 81% - Uttarakhand is 75% Jharkhand 58% Chhattisgarh 63%.
- Infant mortality UP 67%, Uttarakhand 44%.
- Yr 2008 Growth rate (%) Target- Achieved MP 7 - 4.3, UP 7.6 - 4.6, Bihar 6.2- 4.7 & Chhattisgarh 6.1 - 9.2, Jharkhand 6.9 - 11.1, Uttaranchal 6.8 - 8.8
- 1956 to date, the additional irrigation potential created in Telangana is only 5%

- There are 10,000+ Industrial units in Telangana, 1200 are owned by Telanganites, 6500 are owned by Seemandhra, rest are by outsiders.
- Proportionally Telangana should be given about 43% in budget allocation, since 53 it never exceeded 30%. Yet Telangana contributes 42% of revenue.
- Nizamsagar was built in 1931. Due to neglected maintenance all its 83 tributaries, 243 distributaries have been silted up and eroded. World bank sanctioned 30 crores for the project, which was never spent. The project now going to be almost useless.
- In Andhra region every year two crops are cultivated because of water availability, in Telangana a single crop will be cultivated with great difficulty.
- ITI's Telangana 26, Andhra 54. Polytechnics Telangana 20, Andhra 70.
- Forbes says, the richest man to ever walk on the face of this planet was Nizam
- Second largest Airways at the time of Independence was Deccan Airways run by Nizam with 76% stake in it.
- Hyd - demographic expansion can never be considered as a development. It is natural growth. It is like a girl who is 10 yrs now will attain 15yrs of age after 5 yrs – can we call it development ? Also, its not just Hyd which is developed ... all big/medium cities in India are in development path.

*References/sources: Sri Jaya Shakar, Sri Vidya Sagar Rao, Sri Vekat Reddy Vedire, Sri Ravi Narayana reddy, TT Rao, Kaloji, TDF, TVV, Lectures/Interviews by pro-Telangana leaders, wiki, online sources.
santoshvemula@yahoo.com*